Learner Instructions

Patient's Name: Curtis Jeffers

Age: 44 year-old male

Setting: Emergency Department **Primary v Sign-Out:** sign-out

Initial Chief Complaint on arrival to the ED: Dizziness

Patient Information from HPI

44-year-old male with PMH significant for HTN and hypothyroidism presenting for evaluation of dizziness, which he describes as lightheadedness when he stands up. This did not occur at rest and improved after drinking fluids and taking rests. He has no associated headache, neck pain, vision changes, numbness, weakness, chest pain, or difficulty breathing. He has had no trauma or neck manipulation.

He was admitted to the ED with initial negative troponin and normal EKG. He received IV fluids in the ED.

His vital signs and physical exam over the course of the evaluation are as follows:

Vital signs:

Initial Triage Vitals: HR 70 BP 120/70 mmHg RR 18 Sat 100% RA T 98.8 F (oral) ED Admit Vitals HR 72 BP 118/68 mmHg RR 16 Sat 100% RA T 98.6 F (oral)

Current Vitals (laying down) HR 68 BP 116/68 mmHg RR 16 Sat 100% RA T 98.6 F (oral) Current Vitals (sitting) HR 70 BP 112/65 mmHg RR 17 Sat 100% RA T 98.6 F (oral) Current Vitals (standing) HR 72 BP 109/63 mmHg RR 17 Sat 100% RA T 98.6 F (oral)

Exam (abnormal findings bolded):

General: Well-developed, well-nourished male resting comfortably in no acute distress. **HEENT:** Normocephalic, atraumatic, no conjunctival injection or pallor, sclera non-icteric, PERRLA, nasal mucosa pink, moist mucous membranes, oropharynx without evidence of erythema, tonsillar enlargement or exudates. No nystagmus.

Neck: No cervical lymphadenopathy, no thyromegaly, or mass.

Cardiovascular: No jugular venous distension, regular rhythm, normal S1 and S2, no murmurs, rubs, or gallops. Radial and DP pulses 2+ bilaterally. No edema.

Pulmonary: Thorax is symmetric without increase in anteroposterior diameter. Lungs clear to auscultation, no rales, wheezes, rhonchi, or rubs.

Abdomen: Flat, no hepatosplenomegaly, soft, non-tender to palpation in all quadrants. **Musculoskeletal:** full range of motion in al joints, no evidence of swelling or deformity.

Neuro: Alert and oriented x 3. CNs II – XII symmetric, sensation to light touch grossly intact, 5/5 strength in all extremities. Gait steady without evidence of ataxia. Normal cerebellar exam.

Psych: Affect full range. Speech is fluent, no SI or HI.

Today's lab

СВС			CHEMISTRY		
WBC	7.4	(3.5-10.5)	SODIUM	139	(135-148)
RBC	5.01	(4.2-5.8)	POTASSIUM	4.1	(3.5-5)
HEMOGLOBI	N 14.2	(13.0-17.5)	CHLORIDE	107	(95-108)
HCT	42.6	(38.0-50)	BICARB	24	(24-32)
MCV	89	(80-99)	BUN	15	(0-20)
MCH	30	(27-34)	CREATININE	0.7	(0-1.7)
MCHC	34.2	(33-35.5)	GLUCOSE	98	(65-110)
RDW	14.8	(11-15)	CALCIUM	9.2	(8.5-10.5)
PLATELET	187	(140-390)			
			TROPONIN (x2) 0.01 (0.00-0.03)		
			TSH	1.2	(0.5-243)

ECG: NORMAL SINUS RYHTHM. NORMAL ECG

CXR: THERE ARE NO CARDIOPULMONARY ABNORMALITIES. NORMAL CXR

The patient still feels dizzy and lightheaded, but improved since admission. He has received IV fluids during his emergency department stay.

The sign-out plan from the initial team was to discharge the patient if he can ambulate safely with improved dizziness.

Your Task:

- 1. Reassess and the update
- 2. Discharge the patient from the emergency department
- 3. This simulation is focused on communication. This case is not an assessment of your medical decision making. You do not need to order additional emergency department tests or admit this patient.

4.	When you are finished, you can tell him that the nurse will be in shortly to give him paperwork and take out his IV.